1) The acronym P.A.S.S. stands for:
   a. Push, Activate, Scan, Spray
   b. Pull, Aim, Squeeze, Sweep
   c. Push, Assess, Spray, Sweep
   d. Pause, Assess, Squeeze, Spray

2) After pulling the pin, aim the nozzle of the fire extinguisher:
   a. Above the flames
   b. Above the base of the fire
   c. At the base of the fire
   d. At any point on the fire

3) If you attempt to fight a small fire with a fire extinguisher, it is important to:
   a. Maintain a safe escape route in case the fire gets out of control
   b. Have a back-up person standing by if assistance is needed
   c. Use the correct fire extinguisher for the type of fire
   d. All of the above

4) Multipurpose dry chemical fire extinguishers can extinguish which class(es) of fire?
   a. ABC type fires
   b. BC type fires
   c. KFC type fires
   d. K type fire

5) What is the proper way to dispose of a fire extinguisher within Santa Clara County?
   a. Dispose of fire extinguisher through any local recycling program
   b. Drop off fire extinguisher at your neighborhood fire station
   c. Dispose of fire extinguisher through the Household Hazardous Waste program
   d. Discharge fire extinguisher and place in the trash

True or False 6) Portable fire extinguishers are labeled according to the class(es) of fire they can put out. There are four common classes of fire: Class A (ordinary combustibles), B (flammable liquids), C (energized electrical equipment), and K (commercial cooking).

True or False 7) Multipurpose dry chemical fire extinguishers are effective on all classes of fires.

True or False 8) If you attempt to use a fire extinguisher, stop and leave the area immediately if you experience any physical problems, such as, dizziness or difficulty breathing.

True or False 9) Even if you think the fire is out, call the fire department to inspect the area. A fire can reignite or smolder where it cannot be see.

True or False 10) Portable fire extinguishers are effective on fires of all sizes.